TAMMANY HAS NO CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR-RURAL DEMOCRATS WANT MAYOR VAN WYCK.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 11.-Richard Croker, the new leader of the Democratic party in this State, avoided to-day committing himself to the support of a programme at the Democratic State Convention, which would tie up the Democrats once more to the support of the heresy of the free coinage of the silver dollar. It is well known that he thinks that State issues alone should be pressed by the Democratic party this year, and therefore it was to be expected that he would look with disfavor upon any National issue presented for his consideration, but it can reasonably be thought that he sees the political danger of pressing once more the chief plank of the defeated Chicago platform.

Silver Democrats, representing the eastern tier of counties of the State, met in Albany yesterday and organized for political action under the title of "Chicago Platform Democrats." Then a conference was held which lasted about four hours. It was resolved to demand that a new pledge be given William J. Bryan and the silver leaders in the West, that the Democrats of New-York will sustain the Democratic National platform of 1896. A committee of five "Chicago Platform Democrats" was appointed to make a demand upon Richard Croker, David B. Hill and Elliot Danforth, that a pledge of fidelity to the political ideas held by a majority of Democrats in 1896 should be given. The committee appointed consisted of Calvin E. Keech, of Lansingburg; J. W. Chamberlain, of Schenectady; Edward J. Duggan, of Albany; John O. Hanlon, of Troy, and Thomas W. Prior, of Albany. The committee was instructed to wait upon Mr. Croker in Saratoga to-day, and, after giving him an account of the conference, present to him the following resolutions:

WANT BRYAN INDORSED.

Whereas, The Democratic party, in convention assembled, at Chicago, 1846, adopted the most truly Democratic platform ever adopted by any political convention in the history of the country, and nominated as the standard-bearer of Democracy William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, a standard-bearer who made a magnificent canyass against the plutocratic and mobraska, a standard-bearer who made a magnifi-cent canvass against the plutocratic and mo-nopolistic forces of the country, we, loyal Demo-crats of the State of New-York, in conference assembled, congratulate Mr. Bryan upon the fight which he made, and call public attention to the fact that in the Democratic party North, East, South and West, there is no leader who can stand up in opposition to Mr. Bryan, who has a personal popularity among Americans never before equalled, not even by Henry Clay or James G. Blaine, and, therefore, be it Besolved. That we affirm our sincere belief

never before equalled, not even by Henry Clay or James G. Blaine, and, therefore, be it Resolved. That we affirm our sincere belief and adherence to the principles of the Democratic party as caunciated in the platform of the last National Democratic Convention, and we hereby demand a reaffirmation of said platform by the next Democratic State Convention, and we do hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence at the coming State Convention to have the principles of said platform reaffirmed and to use our best efforts to nominate candidates for State offices who are in hearty accord with the same. Another resolution passed, which the commit-

tee was also instructed to read to Mr. Croker, was as follows:

Resolved, That we, the Chicago platform Democrais of the State of New-York, will not give our support to any candidate in this fall's elec-tion who did not support the regular Demo-eratic party in 1896, or who is not now in sym-pathy with the Chicago platform.

HOW MR. CROKER RECEIVED THE COM-MITTEE.

The members of the committee duly came to Saratoga and found no difficulty in discovering Mr. Croker on the veranda of the Grand Union

'otel. He greeted his fellow-Democrats kindly, and listened with apparent interest to what they had to say about the resolutions and to the resolutions themselves. But when he was pressed to have the Democratic State Committee, at its meeting on Saturday, reaffirm the Chicago platfrom he said that he did not believe the committee would do anything more at its meeting than to select a time and place for holding the Democratic State Convention. The platform of the Democratic party in this State this year, he added, must be prepared by the the province of the Democratic State Committee to prepare such a document. He thus evaded any commital of himself on

the dangerous subject of the Chicago free-coinage platform, and the Committee of Chicago platform Democrats returned to Albany no better informed than when they came here. But they must have discovered before they left Saratoga that it is the intention of Mr. Croker and the other Democratic leaders to ignore the free-coinage plank of two years ago and to limit the Democratic platform as much as possible to State issues.

TAMMANY HAS NO PREFERENCES.

"Tammany Hall," said Mr. Croker to-night, "has no candidate for Governor and no preference for any place in which to hold the Democratic State Convention, or preference as to the time at which the convention shall be held.'

These declarations from Mr. Croker were heard of with great interest by the Democratic politicians who were chatting on the verandas politicians who were chatting on the verandas of the big hotels. One part of the statement, the Tammany Hall officials from New-York declared, was a plain intimation that Mr. Croker does not intend to be considered the man pushing Mayor Van Wyck for Governor. Mayor Van Wyck himself was unconcerned about the announcement. He was talking with friends quietly in the main office of the Grand Union Hotel when it was made, and did not appear disturbed by what he heard. One high official of New-York said. "It would be unfair to ask Mayor Van Wyck to run for Governor right on the heels of his canvass for Mayor. All his ambition is now to return to the bench. He wishes to be elected a Supreme Court judge. That can happen to him when he retires from the office of Mayor."

RURAL DEMOCRATS WANT VAN WYCK. John Flannagan, of Canandalgua, however, who has come here with Frank Rice's proxy as a member of the Democratic State Committee, expressed the belief that Mayor Van Wyck ought to be nominated for Governor. "We rural Democrats," he said, "admire Mayor Van Wyck and hope he will be nominated for Governor. He has courage, ability and will, and that is the kind of a man we want for Governor. All Western New-York where I live he is popular among the rural Democrats, and would get hearty support from them in the Democratic State Convention, if he would only consent to become a candidate."

become a candidate."

Mr. Croker's statement that Tammany Hall has no preference in regard to the place and time of holding the Democratic State Convention opens the door to a contest between Saratoga, Syracuse and Rochester for the honor of being the convention town this year. Mr. Croker desires to have the time for the State Convention set especially because the dates for Croker desires to have the time for the State Convention set, especially because the dates for all the local conventions in New-York City are guided by it. This was one of the reasons, he stated to-day, why he desired to have the Democratic State Committee meet and name the day for the holding of the Democratic State Convention.

Among the officials of New-York City who arrived here to-night were Edward C. Sheehy, Commissioner of Taxes and Assessments, and Corporation Counsel Whalen.

WYOMING REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

POLICY OF THE ADMINISTRATION APPROVED-

CANDIDATES NOMINATED Douglass, Wyo., Aug. 11.-The Republican State Convention, after two recesses, was called to order

at 2:30 p. m., and the report of the Committee on Resolutions was read and unanimously adopted The resolutions reaffirm in general terms the declarations made at St. Louis in 1896. The financial plank is as follows

The financial policy of the Republican party having brought prosperity to the entire country, and given us a place among the nations of the earth, and enabled us to conduct successfully a foreign war, we unhesitatingly reaffirm the financial plank of the platform as expressed by the National Convention at St. Louis.

Republican party, protection and prosperity"; approves the Dingley Tariff law, supports the Adninistration in its vigorous prosecution of the war against Spain, praises the country's heroes, approves Hawailan annexation, and favors construction of the Nicaragua Canal. On territorial aggran-

dizement the platform says: We congratulate the country that President Mc-Kinley is fully able to pursue a policy upon the declaration of peace with Spain which will at once maintain the dignity and honor of our Nation and bring prosperity to the islands which will come under our control or protection.

The State Administration is heartily indorsed. Following the adoption of the platform, F. Mendell, for Congress, and De Forest Richards, for Governor, were nominated by acclamation.

TO RECOMMEND NO DEPUTIES

ATTITUDE OF TAMMANY TOWARD THE ELECTION LAW.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE CARRIES OUT MR CROKER'S ORDER AND PASSES A RESOLU-

TION DENOUNCING THE ACT. The Tammany organization decided yesterday. through its Executive Committee, not to recon mend any deputies for appointment by Superintendent McCullagh under the Metropolitan Election District law. A resolution was passed abus-ing the new law and declaring the purpose of the Tammany organization not to give countenance to The action was taken by order of Richard Croker, who sent several of his followers from Saratoga to attend the meeting of the Executive Committee in East Fourteenth-st. Among them were State Senator Thomas F. Grady, Timothy D. Sullivan and George W. Plunkitt. Most of the Assembly district leaders of the Tammany organization were at the meeting, and several of them were disappointed because they would not be permitted to recommend to Superintendent McCullagh some

of their own men for appointment. The Executive Committee met shortly before p. m. in secret session, and Senator Grady offered the following resolution, which he had brough: from Saratoga and which had received Mr. Croker's sanction:

Resolved. That the Executive Committee of the Regular Democratic Republican Committee of Tammany Hail, believing the go-calied "Elections bill" passed at the recent extraordinary session of the Legislature to be an unconstitutional enactment, recognizing it as special legislation of the most reprehensible character, denying to the citizens of the metropolis the right of self-government as enjoyed by every Republican community in the State; appreciating that it is a totally unjustifiable and radical scheme devised solely for Republican party advantage, and a manifest insuit to the honesty, intelligence and patriotism of the citizens of Greater New-York, who justly pride themselves on the purity and fairness of their elections and the strictness with which the requirements of the General Election law are here enforced, and satisfied that this measure was framed and passed only to embarrass, and, if possible, intimidate the voters of this Democratic constituency, through the arbitrary and inquisitorial powers thereby vested in a totally irresponsible set of partisan hirelings to be appointed by the Republican agent selected to enforce its provisions therefore declines any participation in the political oppression and injustice entended and refuses to submit any list of names for appointment as deputy commissioners.

It was said after the meeting that the resolution

It was said after the meeting that the resolution was passed unanimously and without any discussion, save an introductory statement by Mr. Grady. who amplified somewhat the charges against the

After the meeting few of the members of the Executive Committee would talk about the resolu-tion. Mr. Grady said that he had been in favor of the organization refusing to recognize the bill from the first. So did some of the others, but they didn't care to discuss it further. The policy of the organization toward Superintendent McCullagh's deputies when they begin their work next election, or as to steps to be taken in the courts to prove their opinion of the law's unconstitutionality, could not be learned.

This action of the Executive Committee is final, no action by the Organization Committee in ratifi cation being required.

Immediately after the meeting the members who had come from Saratoga, with the exception of T D. Sullivan, hurrled away to get some dinner and catch the 6 o'clock train for the Springs. The committee also attended to some routine

matters at the meeting. Blanks were ordered pre-pared for the calling of the Assembly district con-

John McCullagh, the State Superintendent of Elections in the Metropolitan District, said late pesterday afternoon that he was not surprised by the action of the Tammany organization, as he had heard that Mr. Croker had given orders in Saratoga to that effect. The resolution of the Tammany Executive Committee, Mr. McCullagh said, would not interfere with the operation of the new law, and would not embarrass him in his said, would not interfere with the operation of the new law, and would not embarrass him in his plans to prevent frauds in the election this fall. He will send out notices to the political organiza-tions that they may send to him lists of men for appointment as deputies under the law before August 25. If the Tammany organization sends no list Mr. McCullagh will make up a list of Demo-cratic deputies of his own selection, after there have been examinations to determine fitness and efficiency for the work required. There are plen-try of Democrats in the city who will be glad of appointment without Tammany's recommendation, Mr. McCullagh thinks. McCullagh thinks.

Mr. McCullagh thinks.

Lemuel E. Quigg, president of the Republican County Committee, said that while the new law was not in all respects what he had desired he thought it would operate to prevent Tammany frauds in the election this fall, and he did not think that the refusal of the Tammany organization to recommend deputies for appointment would be a serious embarrassment to Superintendent McCullagh.

NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS.

Virginia—Vth District, EDMUND PARR.
West Virginia—IVth District, W. A. FREER.
Wisconsin—lst District, H. A. COOPER (renominated):
Vith District, J. H. DAVIDSON (renominated):
VIIth District, JOHN ESCHU.

DEMOCRATIC. Georgia-IVth District, WILLIAM C. ADAMSON (renominated).
Mississippi-IVth District, ANDREW F. FOX (renom

West Virginia—IId District, JOHN W. M'GRAW. WON'T RUN AGAINST GENERAL WHEELER. Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 11.—Judge Richardson has withdrawn from the race for Congress against

General Wheeler in the VIIIth District. NOMINATED TO SUCCEED M'MILLIN. Nashville, Aug. 11 (Special).-C. E. Snodgrass, prominent lawyer of Crossville, Cumberland Cou ly, was nominated by the IVth District Congress Convention, at Cookeville, to-day, to succeed Ben-ton McMillin. Bancroft Murray and S. F. Wilson were the other candidates, and the nomination was made on the forty-ninth ballot.

Mr. McMillin has represented the 1Vth District in Congress for eighteen years, and is low a candidate for Governor, having been nominated by the State Convention, which recently met in

Chattanooga. CONGRESSMAN FOOTE'S DENIAL.

Troy, Aug. 11.-The following dispatch was received to-day from Congressman Foote, relative to the report that he had stated in the Essex Republican Convention that Governor Black had urged his candidacy for nomination for State Controller:

Port Henry, Aug. II.—To "The Troy Times": I deny having made the statement charged. I deny that the Governor ever urged my candidacy or ever piedged the support of the Rensseiaer County delegation or any other.

WALLACE T. FOOTE, Jr.

PATRIOTIC REPUBLICAN CLUB'S ACTION.

A well-attended meeting of the Patriotic Republican, of the XXVIIIth Assembly District, was held last evening at its clubhouse, No. 248 East Seventyeighth-st. Benjamin Oppenheimer, the president presided. After attending to the regular business of the meeting, the following resolution, recommended by the Board of Directors, was unanimous

Whereas. The new primary laws were enacted upon the demand of independent Republicans, in order that enrolments, primaries and conventions may be conducted in a proper, honest, leg.timate manner, and be expressive of the will of the majority and also unite and harmonize our party, and Whereas. The united efforts of all Republicans should be exerted at the coming election to insure the election of a Republican Legislature, State officers, Congressmen, United States Senator and the indorsement of our very able Administration at Washington; therefore, it is

Resolved. That we ablde by, submit to the will and support the action of the majority as expressed at Republican primaries and conventions, irrespective of what our action may be at such primaries and conventions.

REPUBLICAN DELEGATES FROM OSWEGO.

Oswego, N. Y., Aug. 11—Assemblyman T. M. Costello was to-day renominated by the Republicans of the 1st Oswego District, over two oppor ents. The Senato and Congress delegates were in ents. The Senator and Congress delegates were in-structed for Senator Stranahan and Congressman Chickering, respectively. The State delegates, un-instructed, are: Henry H. Lyman, Thomas M. Costello, Willour H. Selleck, Charles S. Talcott, Edgar L. Huntington, Udell F. Bartlett, and John The platform indorses the "twin measures of the State Administrations were adopted.

EFFORTS TO FIND THE BODIES OF LA BOURGOGNE VICTIMS.

GEORGE S. CLAY TELLS OF THE EXPEDITION SENT BY EX-JUDGE DILLON, AFTER THE FRENCH LINE HAD REFUSED TO

MAKE THE SEARCH.

Plainfield, Aug. 11 (Special).-George S. Clay, private secretary to ex-Judge John F. Dillon, of New-York, returned to Plainfield last evening after an unsuccessful attempt to recover the bodies of the wife and daughter of ex-Judge Dilion and of the family of John Perry, of Kansas City, lost in the Bourgogne disaster. To a Tribune reporter this evening Mr. Clay told of the details of the expedition and the circumstances relative to the finding

of the bodies of some of the victims. The first that Judge Dillon learned of any of the bodies being still affoat was when Captain Shawyer, of the steamer Oil Fields, reached Philadelphia on July 22 and reported having passed a large number of bodies at latitude 42° 50' north and longitude 50° 40° west. I then went to Philadelphia and learned from the captain of the Oil Fields all the particulars. Sunday, July 24, 1 reported to Judge Dillon at his home and told him I would be glad to go to Halifax and see what I could do. The Judge tried to get the French line to send out a ship to recover the bodier. They seemed to have no feeling in the matter and treated it as an affair of no consequence. They evidently made up their minds from the start that they did not want to send after the bodies. I went to Hallfax that Sunday night, and I arrived there Tuesday. ceived the following dispatch from the New-York agent of the French line:

My company cables anxious to satisfy relatives, but chartering steamer useless. Recovery of bodies impracticable and identification now impossible. Accept my sincere regrets.

BOCAUDE.

JUDGE DILLON CHARTERS A STEAMER. Judge Dillon wished the company to make an effort to bring in all the bodies, but, on their refusal, he ordered me to fit out an expedition and go in search of his lost ones. Mr. Perry afterward was communicated with and joined with him.

"I chartered the steamer Hiawath, Captain Fenwick Hatt. Besides myself, the party consisted of Dr. H. S. Jacques, an expert on the identification of bodies; John Snow, undertaker, and two assistants and a plumber. We took with us the caskets all ready for the bodies. It was the intention to identify the bodies, if possible, and then place them in hermetically sealed caskets and bring them

"We left the harbor on the morning of the 29th. The next day we reached the point designated by the captain of the Oil Fields, but found nothing. We then sailed in a northeasterly course for twenty-five miles and spoke the steamer Londonian, bound from New-York to Liverpool. Her captain reported passing eighteen or twenty bodies and some wreckage at a point seventy two miles away in a northwesterly course.

BODIES FOUND WELL PRESERVED

"We sailed in the direction indicated, reaching there early next morning, and made a circle nine times at the point designated until we saw that we were near a number of bodies. Dr. Jacques and Mr. Snow went to examine them, and found that they were fairly well preserved, with one ex-This was in latitude 48 degrees 2 minutes, longitude 60 degrees 73 minutes.

"By examining the clothing and pockets of the first body picked up, we found it to be a Frenchman, of Montreal. Eugene Dubost. It was kept affoat by a life buoy. The second body we could not identify, as the face was disfigured, and the third was in an advanced state of decomposition. The fourth was that of a boy about sixteen, but it was proved beyond question that it was not the son of Mr. Perry. There were no papers by which to identify him. The next body was that of Peter Barrett, of Philadelphia, who was bound for Ire-The sixth was that of a boy of eighteen fairly well preserved. A letter-head in his pocket had printed on it Woodside Patent Calf Manufact uring Company, of New-Jersey. The seventh body was apparently that of a French sailor, and the eighth appeared to be a steerage passenger. The ninth was that of P. J. Sosa, a civil engineer, from Panama. The tenth was that of E. E. Rundell, of Chicago.

"All the night of the 31st the fog was so thick that we could see nothing, so we lay to. Most of the bodies found on the first day were in such a state of preservation that they could certainly have been recognized, if the French Line had acted promptly, after the report of the Oil Field.

romptly, after the report of the off rield.

"The first body found on Monday, No. 11, appeared to be a steerage passenger; the twelfth was a woman and the thirteenth also, but they had nothing about them by which they could be identified. The fourteenth was a man, apparently a steerage passenger, with no papers about him. No. 15 was a little boy of ten or eleven years. No. 16 was a man with absolutely nothing by which to identify him but No. 15 was the second of the second was a man with absolutely nothing by which to identify him, but No. 17 was the body of a woman very well dressed, unquestionably a saloon passen ger. No. 18 was another woman, partly dressed She had worn a piece of false halt over a bale spot on her head, and was clasping it in her hand Another woman, No. 19, had beautiful dark hair and wore a white woollen dressing gown. She has on what appeared to be a wedding ring, marked J. R. to E. D. No. 29 seemed to have been a salior. This was all we found on Monday.

A POSTAL CARD FOUND ON A BODY. "The first body discovered on Tuesday, No. 21, was that of a poorly clad woman, and No. 22 was another woman, wearing a man's coat, in the pocket of which we found a postal card directed to 'Mr. Ernest H. Wuertz, No. 313 East Sixty-

pocket of which we found a postal card directed to 'Mr. Ernest H. Wuertz, No. 313 East Sixty-third-st., New-York City.' No. 22 was apparently the body of another sallor, but No. 24 we could not identify; he was partly dressed. No. 25 was a woman of eighteen or twenty years, well dressed and wearing underclothing marked with the initial 'M.' She had light hair, and was about five feet five inches in height. The twenty-seventh body was a boy of cleven years, with no identification, but fairly well dressed. The last body found that day was thought to be that of a sallor.

"On Wednesday the first body found, No. 28, was that of a man of forty-five, weating a mustache and goatee, and nearly dressed. His shirt was marked 'A. M.' But there were no papers by which to identify him. Another man, also about forty-five, but apparently a steerage passenger, was next found. No. 29, found immediately after, was a man entirely dressed except as to snoes, and apparently about fifty-five. There was nothing by which to identify him. The last body discovered was a middle-aged man, cheaply dressed, and apparently a seaman or steerage passenger.

"After this the wind got so lively that we went into Canso, where I heard that Captain Jones, of the steamer Aldersgaie, had seen wreckage and bodles about latitude 43 degrees 7 minutes, longitude 60 degrees. We went down there, but it was very rough, and though we kept a careful lookout we saw nothing but wreckage. That ended our cruise, and we returned without any trace of the lost ones of Judge Dillon and Mr. Perry."

MESSRS. PLATT AND ODELL CONFER.

NEAR THE SENATOR-THEIR ATTITUDE TOWARD BLACK AND ROOSEVELT.

Senator Platt and Benjamin B. Odell, jr., chairman of the Republican State Committee, were in consultation again yesterday, and Mr. Odell has taken rooms at the Oriental Hotel, at Manhattan Beach, so that he and Mr. Platt can 'alk over not sent out a call for the next needing of the the committee, in the Fifth Avenue Hotsl, every day, and is busy with correspondence which keeps him well informed of Republican affairs through-out the State. There have been some persistent reports that Mr. Plast would try to force the nomination of Mr. Odell for Governor this fall, but politicians who are close to them have as-serted that Mr. Odell will not be the Republican candidate. Governor Black and Lieutenaut-Gov-

candidate Governor Black and Lieutenaut-Governor Woodruff are determined to secure renominations if possible with or without Mr. Platt's aid, Republican politicians who are in the conadence of Senator Flatt declare that he has not and will not come out openly in opposition to Governor Black's renomination.

Machine Republicans are taking alarm over the movement to Colonel Roosevelt the party candidate for Governor, and are showing their concern by declaring that there is really no reason to suppose that Colonel Roosevelt would consent to be a candidate if a nomination were tendered to him. It has been declared that friends have received letters from Colonel Roosevelt, saying that he would not permit such a use of his mame. A the headquarters of the Republicans of the County of New-York yesterday a private letter, which has headquarters of the Republicans of the County of New-York yesterday a private letter, which has been sent from Santiago by Rooseveit to Samuel B. French, was opened by Mr. French, who had just returned from the country. It was simply an acknow-edgement of a letter which Colonel Roose-veit had received from Mr. French, and contained no expression as to Colonel Rooseveit's willingness or unwillingness to run for Governor.

SOLDIERS VOTE FOR THE FIRST TIME. Towarda, Penn., Aug. 11.-At the Bradford new feature was introduced by the admission by diers of this county in Company M, 9th Regiment, now at Chickamauga. While the soldier vote did not affect the nominations for the Legislature, it caused a tie in the vote for the District-Attorney nomination, J. C. Ingham and L. T. Hoyt each receiving 2226 votes. Ingham subsequently withdrew his name.

BROOKLYN NEWS IN BRIEF.

James Bailey, a cousin and business associate of A. T. Stewart, who had spent a fortune trying to

establish a cirim to a part of the Stewart estate, was buried on Wednesday in Greenwool.

The women of Bath Beach are preparing a bene fit entertainment to raise money Soldiers' and Sailors' Families' Protective Associa-

News has reached Brooklyn that William Berri, who is passing the summer at Poland Springs, Me., has almost entirely recovered from his illness. Postmaster Wilson has been instructed by the stoffice Department to deliver no mail to Frank

W. Anthony, who is accused of using the mails in a fraudulent insurance business. Seven Rough Riders were taken yes, erday from

Bay Ridge to the Norwegian Hospital auffering from typhoid and malarial fever. They were on their way to the camp at Montauk Point. They W. C. Munger, of Silver City, Fla.; M. A. Horkins, of Mago, Tex.; R. W. Morreli, of Eliza-beth, N. J.; Claude Raydurne, of Claydon, Iowa; and Craig Boison and Frank Marvin, of Buckhorn CHEST PARTY Ind. Ter.

George V. Boxill and Robert Bridgman had an argument yesterday in a Myrtie-ave, trolley-car over the ownership of a suit of clothes. Bortli's sun had been stolen from him, and he claimed that Bridgman had it on. In the police court Bridgman sl. wed that his name was on the tailor's tag of The case will come up on Saturday in the Adams-st, police court.

MAJOR BEERS SUMMONED AGAIN.

A SECOND CHARGE OF OBTAINING MONEY FOR A PROMISED COMMISSION MADE AGAINST HIM.

Ernest A. Rose, of No. 222 East Fortieth-st., soon after the outbreak of the war, picked up a piece of paper in the street with which to clean his pipe. and found that it contained an advertisement for cavalry volunteers for service in Cuba, to be recruited at No. 1.389 Broadway. He is sorry now that he found the paper, for it led him to the address given, where he met Major John D. Beers colonel by brevet, in charge of the recruiting, and formerly the recruiting officer of the Palma

Mounted Rifles Rose told the Major that he had seen service in European armies, and it is alleged that on hearing that the Major shook hands with him for ten min utes. Afterward Rose gave \$25 to the Major, ac cording to the story he told yesterday, for a commission as lieutenant-colonel or something in the "Cuban Mounted Glants and Engineering Corps, the name by which the new organization was called. He waited many days for the promised commission, and finally became tired of waiting. In the West Side poince court he had Major John D. Beers appear yesterday on a summons issued on a complaint of obtaining money under false pretences, but as there was nothing in the receipt held by Rose for the \$25 he had paid to show that a commission had been promised to him, the defendant was discharged by Magistrate Simms.

The Magistrate advised Rose to take the case to the civil courts. The defendant was arraigned several weeks ago on a similar complaint made by Robert Bell, a lawyer, who said that he had paid 50 on the assumption that it would make him a lieutenant. Bell got a commission, which was written on cheap notepaper, but never saw service. Rose testified yesterday that, after paying his money, he called every day at Heer's office in the hope of getting a commission. He also alleged that the defendant told him that there were several influential women backing the organization, among them being Miss Helen Gould and Mrs. Ledyard Stevens. At the hearing of the first complaint against Major Beers Mrs. Stevens denled that she was in any way connected with his organization. "Cuban Mounted Glants and Engineering Corps,

A GARDEN FULL OF SHIPS

COMBINED WAR PLAY AND TANK DRAMA AT THE MADISON SQUARE-CHEERS FOR HOBSON.

Anybody who was ever a child, who was kept in the house on rainy days and who sailed boats the bathtub will enjoy the naval show at the Madison Square Garden, because of its reminiscen It is just the old bathtub game of com merce and war on a large scale. Magnify the bath tub to the size of the Madison Square Garden, the ships correspondingly and the means of handling The Garden was crowded last night with grown

of the show. The whole arena of the Garden was face thereof floated the ships of the United States and of Spain. A screen of gauze, running all around the arena, separated it from the audience On the inner side of this screen mountain and valleys and clouds were painted. that, the lights being all inside the screen, the audience at each point of the house should look through the gauze near to it and see the painting on the more distant parts. The device is not new. In this case the gauze was a little too heavy, and consequently hard to see through. It had the effect of making the whole Garden look like a Norwegian flord seen through a Scotch mist.

sea were pretty faithful models of the warships which they represented. They moved for the most part in a natural manner, but they did some things that real warships do not ordinarily attempt. They moved sideways with remarkable facility, and they had the power, after lying perfectly still, of turn-ing around as if on pivots, without waiting to get up any steerage way. The one press boat which or four thousand tons, while a torped - hoat was nearly as long as a battle-ship. The ships fired their guns and showed their lights in an effective

The performance began with some evolutionary tactics, and the interest was gradually worked up to the battle of Manila. When the Spanish fleet had been sunk by that of Commodore Dewey there was a pause and the scene was changed to the shore of Santiago. There, after some minor incidents, Cervera's fleet came and climbed into the bottle and Commodore Schley's fleet came and cidents, Cervera's fleet came and climbed into the bottle and Commodore Schley's fleet came and waited outside. The forts were bombarded, the Oregon arrived, the Merrimac was sunk, and then Cervera came out and met his defeat. This was followed, after another pause by a procession of the American ships, decorated in rainbow fashion and afterward filiuminated with strings of lights. The trouble with the exhibition was that it was hard to see. The gauze made it particularly so to begin with, and then the anoke of hattle made it much worse. It is understood that a ship does sometimes disappear in its own smoke when it is in action, but there is no reason why the whole ocean should disappear. It was bad enough without the smoke, except for those who were nearest to the scene of action of the moment. Those at the far end of the Garden scarcely got a glimpse of the Merrimac till the exolosion that finished her showed for the first time clearly where she was. If the screen were pulled up altogether, it is likely that the show would be vastly improved.

Several representatives of the real Navy were present, among them being Captain Merrill Miller of the receiving-ship Vermont, Medical Director G. W. Weods, Medical Inspector J. A. Hawke, Captain J. W. Philip of the Texas, wardroom officers of the Harvard, wardroom officers of the Vermont and Lieutenant-Commander Leonard Chenery, Several of these sat in a large box at the west end of the building.

When the performance was nearly over, Lieutenant Hobson took a seat in this box. He made his way to it without being recognized, but he had not set these toug before he was discovered, and then hundreds of people neglected the rest of the

way to it without being recognized, but he had not set there long before he was discovered, and then hundreds of people neglected the rest of the show, preferring to crowd the passages in front of the box and cheer for Hobson. They stood there and cheered for many minutes, and demanded a steech, but they dul not get it. Lieutenant Hobson is evidently not yet sufficiently experienced as a hero to bear his honors with all the grace of a matine actor. He does not care about making speeches, and it does not seem to be by his own wish that he was a part of the show. Imre Kiralfy occupied a page of the programme with his own portrait, and then put in the highest officers of the United States Navy at the tate of seven to the page. But Hobson did not even desire to stand up in his place, in order that his grateful countrymen who were stretching their necks might say that they had seen him.

MICHAEL BEATS TITUS AT BALTIMORE.

NEW-YORK BOY WAS BADLY PACED, BUT MADE A PLUCKY FIGHT.

Baltimore, Aug. II.-After three postponements, necessitated by the elements, "Jimmy" Michael, the little Welsh champion, and "Fred" Titus, of New-York, met to-night at the Coliseum in their fifteen-mile paced bloycle race. Michael won easily by about seven hundred yards.

Michael would win, but early in the contest the sympathy of the four thousand spectators went alsympathy of the four thousand spectators went almost unanimously to the New-York boy. While the latter was paced badly, he rode hard and made several strong hids for the race. On different occations his pucemakers lost him entirely, and Titus was compelled to take hold behind his opponents. On the other hand, Michael's men were as smooth and even as clockwork. Michael had the advantage also in haying a triplet among his pacers, while Titus depended entirely upon tandems. Time, 25:481-5. The fastest mile was covered in 1:494-5, the stowest in 2:123-5. First five miles, 3:194-5; ten miles, 15:04.

One mile, open (professional)—Fred Sims, Washington, won T. Barnaby, Boston, second; J. L. Ives, hallimore, third; Robert Walthour, Atlanta, fourth, Time—2.10-b, Half-mile, open camateur)—F. Carmine won, J. Hill second, E. J. Farber third, Time—1.01-b.



The entrance of August is the sign for ransacking corners and overhauling stray piles.

There's many a tid bit here, if you'll take the time to look for it.

Clothes, shoes, hats or furnishings for man or boy.

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TO EXAMINE NIAGARA BRIDGE SITE. Washington, Aug. 11.-A board has been appointed such time and at such places as may be designed by the president of the Board, to exbe designed by the president of the Board, to examine the locality of the proposed bridge across the Niagara River, and to report to the Secretary of War. The Board is as follows: Rear-Admiral J. G. Walker, retired; Major T. W. Symons, Corps of Engineers, and R. G. Marinden, assistant, United States Coast and Goedetic Survey. PEACE IN GUATEMALA.

Washington, Aug. 11.-Senor Lazo Arriago to-day

Branch, N. J., where he is passing a part of the hot weather, that he had received a cable dispatch to-day from his home government, saying: "Revolution quickly suppressed. Peace prevails in Guatemala." HOME NEWS.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS. FIFTH AVENUE—John Sherman, of Ohio, exsecretary of State. HOLLAND—Colonel Samuel P.
Colt. of Providence. MANHATTAN—Charles G.
Belden, of Syracuse. MURRAY HILL—J. M.
Dickey, United States Shipping Commissioner, and
Colonel J. P. Patterson, U. S. A. WALDORF—ExCongressman F. G. Neidringhaus, of St. Louis.
WINDSOR—Abner McKinley, brother of the President

WHAT IS GOING ON TO-DAY.

The Pettit Realty Company receiver motion be-fore Justice Beekman, Supreme Court, 10 a. m. Colonel Roosevelt, with the men in his regiment (Rough Riders), expected to arrive on the transport Gate City.

The Miami expected with 530 men of the 6th and 3d United States Cavalry from Santiago. Open competitive examination for the place of Inspector of Iron and Steel before Municipal Civil Service Commission.

Bids for stationery and printing for election purposes for the Police Department to be opened at Police Headquarters, 10 a. m. United States transport Concho to sail with supplies for General Miles's army in Porto Rico. Solemn requiem mass at St. Francis Xavier's Church for repose of the soul of the former Premier of Spain, Antonio Canovas del Castillo, who was assassinated August 8, 1897.

Music in Battery Park, 8 p. m.

Meeting of the Dock Board, 2 p. m.

The Finance Committee of the Council and books and locked them up. They will be presented for adoption at the next meeting of the Municipal Assembly. The tax rate, it is expected, will be about 2.02.

The East River Bridge Commissioners have re-

ceived from their engineer plans for the steel tow-

ers for the East River Bridge. The spans will cost in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000. The Commisstoners will advertise for bids for a contract after the plans are approved. A new Postoffice sub-station will be opened on

Monday next at Eighty-first-st, and Amsterdam-James Bartley, colored, of No. 222 West Eighteenth-st., was sentenced yesterday by Judge Newburger, in Part IV, of General Sessions, to twelve years and six months in State prison for burglary. Bartley was caught in the act of stealing silverware from the house of Elizabeth Hall, No. 118

Washington Place, on July 26 last. THE VOTE OF THE SOLDIERS. Colonel Lovell H. Jerome said at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last evening, that the new election law, which was passed at the special session of law, which was passed at the special session of the Legislature, with a view to permitting the soldiers of the State to vote this fall in whatever part of the world they might be statloned, might be found to be inoperative before election. The law, he said, provided for taking the votes of soldiers absent from the State "in war times," but the war with Spain may be over before elec-tion, and yet many of the soldiers may not have returned to the State.

E. & W.

Announcements. NAKODAS.

MINIATURE ALMANAC

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH WATER TO-DAY. A.M.—Sandy Hook 3:58 Gov. Island 4:30 Hell Gate 6:23 P.M.—Sandy Hook 4:10 Gov. Island 4:42 Hell Gate 6:35

INCOMING STEAMERS.

From.
Dundee, July 27.
Hamburg, July 31.
New-Orleans, Aug 6.
Huft, July 30.
Liverpool, Aug 6.
Christiansand, July 29. Salerno... Pretoria... Chalmette. Buffalo... SATURDAY AUGUST 13. Oranje Nassau.....Port-au-Frince, SUNDAY, AUGUST 14.

OUTGOING STEAMERS.

TO-DAY. Vessel. For Line. M. Colorado, Brunswick, Maliory ... Algonquin, Charleston, Clyde ... Mongolian, Glasgow, Allan-State ... SATURDAY, AUGUST 13. TUESDAY, AUGUST 16. Kaiser Wm. der G., Bremen, N. G. L. 6:30 a m 9:30 a m Carib, Charleston, Clyde. 3:00 p m

SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-YORK-THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1898. ARRIVED.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Kaiser William II (Ger), Hogeman, Genoa July 29, Napies 30 and Olbraitar August 3, with muse, 68 cabin and 161 steerage passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 7:30 p m.

Steamer Croydon (Br., Butler, from Cadiz July 28, Arrived off Highlands at 6:25 a m. and was ordered to Philadelphia, and proceeded.

Steamer City of Birminsham, Burgh, Savannah August 8, with muse and passengers to Ocean 88 Co. Steamer Old Dominion, Tapley, Norfolk and Newport News, with muse and passengers to Old Dominion Se Co. Sandy Hook, N. J. Aug II, 9:30 p m—Wind east, light breeze; cloudy.

SAILED.

SAILED. SAILED.

Steamers Betty (Aust), for Trieste, etc; Hispania (Ger), Hamburg; Alsenborn, Baltimore; Auguste Victoria (Ger), Hamburg, via Cherbourg and Southampton, Excelsior, New-Orleans; Koenigin Luise (Ger), Bremen, via Southampton, Edam (Dutch, Amsterdam; Haraid (Nor), Boca del Tero; Princess Anne, Norfolk and Newport News; Orlnoco (Br), Hermuda; Asti (Ger), Rio Janeto, etc. Jacob Bright (Br), Inagua and Bluefields; Kansas City (Br), Bristoi.

Steamer Ocean (Dutch), Oseano, Kingston, Montego Kandebrock, Steamer Olivedene (Br), Harrison, Kingston, Montego Spir Itay, Belize, etc.—The Tweedle Trading Co.
Steamer Mexican Prince (Br), Steward, Philadelphia—Steamer Mexican Prince (Br), Steward, Philadelphia—Steamer Mexican Prince (Br), Steamer Mexica John C Stager, Steamer Mongolian (Br), Braes, Glasgow—Austin Bald— win & Co. Heye Steamer Manhattan, Collyer, Bridgeport and New-Londot - Collyer Bros Lighterage and Transportation Co. Steamer II F Dimock, Baker, Roston-H F Dimock, Steamer Manhattan, Bennett, Portland-Horatto Hall, Steamer Excelsior, Boyd, New Orleans-J T Van Sickie, Scance to deboro, Townsend, Philadelphia-William P Clyde & Co.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

WELCOME TO ALL

To the artist looking for things bean tiful. To the antiquarian hunting for memorials of bygone days. To furnish ers in search of the most effective syle combinations and furnishing arrangements. To dwellers in mansion or wh or farmhouse—to all who delight to wander through realms of furniture and with the certainty of finding what the

At greatly reduced prices to make room for new goods now crowding in from our factory.

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SPECIAL MENTION.

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It contains an immense amount d statistical, political and war information besides.

> THE TRIBUNE, New-York

Steamer Princess Anns, Hulphers, Norfolk and Newpott News-Old Dominion & Co.
Bark Adam W Spies (Br), Godett, Bueno Ayus-Haynes & Woodward, Bark Dalsy Read, Mitchell Mncayo-Finn, Eddy & Ca.
Bark Grace Lynwood, Gilkey, Bridgetown, Bar-A D Strauss & Co.

NOTICE TO MARINERS. CAPE FEAR RIVER (N. C.)

Notice is given that on August 1, 1888, the followingnamed lights in the entrances to the Cape Fear Row
were re-established as heretafore. New Channel Rasp,
front and rear; Smith Island Range, front and rear.

This notice affects the "List of Lights and For Signia,
Atlantic and Guif Coaste, 1987," pages 116 Nos. 622, 624
and 623, and the "List of Rencons and Buoya, Smit
Lighthouse District, 1897," pages 8 and 9.

By order of the Lighthouse Beard,
RUSH R. WALLACE,
Commodore, U. S. Navy, Chairman,
FOUNDIGN, DOURS. CAPE FEAR RIVER (N. C.).

FOREIGN PORTS.

London, Aug 11—Arrived, steamers Brasilia (Bd. Roesing, New-York; 10th, sailed, America (Bd. Pears, New-York, Aug 11—Sailed, steamer Germania (Bd. McKinstry, from Liverpool for New-York, Bristol, Aug 11—Arrived, steamer Wells City (Bd. Savage, New-York, Hull, Aug 10—Sailed, steamer Lucerna (Br. Dew. New-York, Swansea, Aug 10—Sailed, steamer Menania (Bd. Mann, New-York, Kinsale, Aug 11—Passet Swansea. Aug. 10—Sailed, steamer Menanic (86, Mann, New-York, Kinsale, Aug 11—Passed, steamer Cumeria (81), Good-all, New-York for Manchester.
Brow Head, Aug 11—Passed, steamer Cevic (81), New-York for Liverpool.
Scilly, Aug. 11—Passed, steamer Europa (81), Rebson, New-York for London.
Moville, Aug. 11—Passed, steamer State of Nebrata (81), Park, New-York for Condon.
Moville, Aug. 11—Arrived, steamer State of Nebrata (81), Park, New-York for Ginsaw.
Stettin, Aug. 7—Arrived, steamer State (Ger), Biana, New-York via Copenhagen.
Bremen, Aug. 11—Arrived, steamer Syale (Ger), Biana, New-York via Southampton.
Hamburg, Aug. 11—Arrived, steamer Syale (Ger), Biana, New-York, Phoenicia (Ger), Leithauser, New-York, St., Burnkirk, Aug. 10—Arrived, steamer Strathleven (86, Morr, New-York via Havre.
Brotherdam, Aug. 11—Arrived, steamer Werkendam, Chutch), Du Vires, New-York, American (Dutch), Bud. New-York, sailed, steamer Hotterdam (Butch), Van Se Zee, New-York, and 11—Passed, steamer Fowhatan (84, Harnden, Palermo for New-York, steamer Fowhatan (84, Harnden, Palermo for New-York, steamer Fowhatan (86, Harnden, Palermo for New-York, steamer Trojan Prince (87, Dobson, New-York via Naples, etc.
Huelva, Aug. 5—Sailed, steamer Mozart (Rr), Elia, Santos, Aug. 9—Sailed, steamer Mozart (Rr), Eli

Dobson, New-York via Naples, etc.

Huelva, Aug 5.—Salled, steamer Vera (Br.), Nicholson
New-York,
Santos, Aug 9.—Salled, steamer Mozart (Br.), Elis
New-York. Rio Janeiro, Aug 6. Arrived, steamers Taormina (6r), Muller, New York via Para, 10th, Caleridge (Br), Salies, New York

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS Yesterday To-day Con.

.11 .02 .16 .12 .17 .83 .32 02 Overman 16 Potost 13 Savage 16 Scorpion 37 Secra Nevada 30 Silver Hill 01 Standard 09 Union Con 13 Utah Con 79 Yellow Jacket

rits turpentine.....

n. C. Stager.

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samer Excelsior, Bayd, New Orleans—J. T. Van Sickie,
samer Manhattan, Bennett, Portland—Horaris Hall,
samer Excelsior, Bayd, New Orleans—J. T. Van Sickie,
samer Manhattan, Bennett, Portland—Horaris Hall,
samer Excelsior, Bayd, New Orleans—J. T. Van Sickie,
samer Monhattan, Bennett, Portland—Horaris Hall,
samer Excelsior, Bayd, New Orleans—J. T. Van Sickie,
samer Monhattan, Bennett, Portland—Horaris Hall,
samer Excelsior, Bayd, New Orleans—J. T. Van Sickie,
samer Monhattan, Bennett, Portland—William P.

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Jacob Bright (Br), Inagua and Bluefields; Kansas City (Br), Bristol.

CLEARED.

Steamer Olympia (Br) (late Br Se Lanfrace), Reid, Steamer Orinoco (Br), Fraser, Bermuda—A E Outerbridge & Co.

Steamer Fochontas (Br), James, Savona, Venice, Steamer Fochontas (Br), James, Savona, Venice, Steamer Pochontas (Br), James, Savona, Venice, Steamer Pochontas (Br), James, Savona, Venice, Steamer Pochontas (Br), James, Savona, Venice, Steamer Fochontas (Br), James, Savona, Venice, Steamer Fochontas (Br), James, Savona, Venice, Steamer (Br), NAVAL STORES.